

GREEKS SEEK AID OF LEAGUE IN TURK WAR

Hellenes Ready to Evacuate Conquered Lands in Anatolia.

ACTION OF COUNCIL AWAKENS FEARS

Seek Help Without Need Of Enforcement of Sevres Treaty.

(Special Cable to The Washington Herald and Chicago Tribune.)

GENEVA, Sept. 15.—It became known today that the Greeks are seeking to have the question of intervention by the allies in the Greco-Turkish struggle taken up by the league of nations. Members of the league council have been approached by Greek representatives, but they have refused to take the matter up unless the Greeks make public demand for it.

There have been overtures already to members of the league to support a proposition for the league to end the Near East war. It is said that Greece is not averse to having the league intervene instead of the extreme council because the Athens government knows that the allies will insist on carrying out the Sevres treaty.

It is understood in Geneva that the Greeks are ready to make peace with the Turks, and are willing to evacuate that part of Anatolia which they took in their recent drive.

Revision of Covenant.

Chances for revising the covenant of the league were lessened today. The judicial committee decided in a secret report to the council that a unanimous vote by the assembly was necessary to make changes in the pact. It is believed that this decision will effectively prevent alterations in the constitution of the league, as it is regarded as impossible to get fifty states' members to vote solidly on a subject of this importance.

Will Offer Amendment.

Lord Robert Cecil and Dr. Nansen are expected to file a memorandum to the assembly tomorrow, insisting that all treaties must be registered with the league and that a state of war must exist among all the members and a covenant breaker.

The necessity of a unanimous vote is expected to kill the Canadian proposal for revision of Article X.

Bolivia today decided to stick with the Monroe Doctrine instead of relying on the league. Victor Aramayo receiving instructions from his government that the Bolivian demand for the revision of the 1904 treaty with Chile be withdrawn from the league. Three jurists had already been selected to see if the league was competent to judge this question, at the suggestion of Senator Edwards, of Chile, who had previously indicated that league jurists could examine the question, but he announced that his government stood by its original position. In this case, the purely American disputes were not to be settled by the league.

Dr. Lange's Arm Stand.

Dr. Lange, of Norway, criticized the council and assembly for abandoning the disarmament question to Washington, asserting that the league "should extend further its noble initiative of President Harding."

He said that the council's military commission was to blame for the fact that the United States was not a member of the league, because of the refusal of the big powers to exchange information regarding armaments, and military and naval air programs as provided in Article VIII of the covenant.

(Copyright, 1921.)

OPEN SHOP WAR ON AS PACKERS DEFY UNIONS IN CHICAGO

Other Industries Take Up Fight to Ignore Organized Labor.

ALLIES TO CONFER ON RHINE ARMIES

Apportionment of Payment For Occupation Costs to Be Made.

(Special Cable to The Washington Herald and Chicago Tribune.)

PARIS, Sept. 15.—The allied governments will hold a conference the second week of October to discuss the cost of the armies of occupation, including the American. The American government has named Roland W. Boyden, Col. Hess, his assistant, and Maj. Gen. Henry T. Allen as its representatives to the conference, which will not only discuss the payment of the money now due the American army, but will fix a proportionate basis for payments in the future.

The French and Belgian armies' expenses have been paid to date and most of the expenses of the British army for fifteen years and thus making sure that America will be reimbursed for the cost of the army. The cost of the American forces on the Rhine to date has been \$275,000,000.

(Copyright, 1921.)

RUM-RUNNER LANDS CARGO OF "GOODS"

NORFOLK, Va., Sept. 15.—A small rum runner, eluding watchers, landed his cargo of fifteen cases of liquor at Ocean View late yesterday and slipped off in the darkness. County officers confiscated the liquor and arrested J. A. Crumble on charge of violating the Volstead act.

Warning reports from the naval base, and county officers put out in the police boat, NP-1, but the rum runners had escaped.

Munich Facing Another Revolt From Kappists

Monarchist Leader Reported Entrenched With Armed Men.

CHIEFS DESIRE SOLID DROUTH IN DEMOCRACY

Movement Starts for Dry Leadership in Whole Party.

DEMAND WHITE CALL MEETING

Spokesmen Insist on Reorganization of Committee.

By ROBERT J. BENDER.

A movement has begun within the Democratic national organization to make it "bone-dry."

The purpose of this movement, sponsored largely by that group which advocated the nomination of McAdoo at San Francisco, is to effect an absolutely dry leadership of the national committee, to support dry candidates at the Congressional elections and seek a "bone-dry" Presidential nominee.

Demand Meeting Soon.

Within the last three weeks spokesmen of this group have bluntly informed Chairman George White, of the national committee, that he must call a meeting of the committee at once for a reorganization and formulation of a militant policy.

The reason given is that Democratic leaders are not kindly disposed to the "pacifist" attitude of the national organization at a time when, they feel, Democratic campaign thunder is lying around in measurable quantities. They declare that if it hadn't been for their agitation, began several weeks ago, the Democratic organization would have let the New Mexican senatorial election next week go by default. They say the invoked activity there may bring a Democratic victory.

Progress and Drought.

Back of this agitation is the aim to make the party fundamentally progressive.

A disclaimer is made that this purpose necessarily enters into the renewed movement against White's leadership. Nevertheless, it is no secret that the lukewarm attitude shown toward Gov. Cox's campaign last fall by such monied Democrats as Bernard Baruch and Thomas Chadbourne was due to their belief that the Cox campaign was being run by men not essentially dry.

Ed. Moore in Background.

George White, while a dry himself, is advised in many important matters by E. N. Moore, who never has been an enthusiastic prohibitionist. The first thing in the mind of the Democratic dries, therefore, among whose leaders are Senators Glass, of Virginia, and Jones, of New Mexico—is to effect a reorganization of the national committee.

Whether former President Wilson is involved has not been disclosed. Glass in recent weeks has had two long conferences with Wilson.

May Meet in October.

There will be a meeting of the national committee about the middle of October. Chairman White, while confident he can be re-elected, is not decided on whether he cares to continue as chairman. He does not wish to get out until some strong candidate to succeed him has been more or less agreed upon.

For that reason he may decide to postpone further the committee's gathering. If he does, there is reason to believe the movement now going on under the surface of the party will come out into the open. The work of agitating it is believed if there is to be a fight it ought to be now so that there may be plenty of time for wounds to heal before campaign time. Meantime soundings are being made as to the availability of Scott Ferris, former Representative in Congress from Oklahoma, for the chairmanship should White resign.

Lynchburg Glass Plant On Day-and-Night Basis

LYNCHBURG, Va., Sept. 15.—The plant of the Lynchburg Glass Company, which suffered a \$10,000 loss several weeks ago by fire in the boiler room, has resumed operation with 100 men at work in night and day shifts.

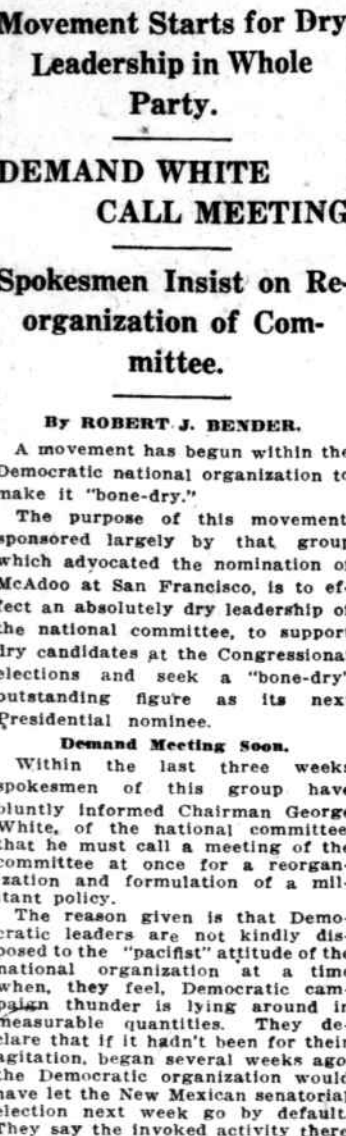
The Herald's Ad-Index

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 16, 1921.

This daily index of local advertisers in The Herald is more than merely a guide to advertisements—it is a guide to economical buying.

Page	Page
Dr. Adams	Meyer's Shops
Amusements	Chas. E. Miller, Inc.
Birmingham Motors ..	Norris Brothers
Baseball	Peoples Drug Stores
Thos. W. Brahaney	Queen Quality Boot Shop ..
Calvert Commercial Service ..	Raleigh Haterdasher
James M. Carter	Riemer & Co.
Claflin Optical Co.	Wm. Rosendorf
Colonial School for Girls ..	Salvation Army
Delta Tours	Security Storage Co.
Dodge's	Stag Hotel
Equitable Bldg.	C. R. Simpson
Goldenberg's	St. Stein
W. B. Hibbs & Co.	Sterrett & Fleming
Horning	Stocks Exchange Secur-
J. M. Gidding & Co.	ties Corp.
The Hecht Co.	Union Savings Bank
Educational	Union Trust Co.
S. R. K.	Upstairs Shop
D. C. Kenny Co.	Wien's Hat Factory
Frank Kidwell	Walls' Cafe
D. J. Kaufman	Wash. Loan & Trust Co. 2, 11
Lansburgh & Brother	Jos. A. Wilner & Co.
Dr. Lehman	Woodward & Lothrop
McHugh and Lawson	Dr. Wyeth

THE OVER SALARIED FOOL



By J. N. DARLING

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Lloyd George has cancelled the proposed Irish peace conference at Inverness.

The premier, after publication of Eamon de Valera's "acceptance" of the invitation, telegraphed the Irish president that he found it necessary to call off arrangements.

De Valera's insistence on recognition of Ireland's independence as a prerequisite for the conference caused the rupture. The premier stated that the conference must discuss this phase as well as all others.

Situation Very Serious.

The premier's action creates the most critical situation since July, when negotiations began.

His dispatch to De Valera came after couriers from Dublin had visited him at Gairloch and discussed with him the principle upon which the negotiations now appear to have foundered.

Will Consult Cabinet.

In his message to De Valera, the premier says "it would be necessary to consult his colleagues, to determine what action is necessary by the new situation." "In the meantime," he continues, "I must make it absolutely clear that the government cannot reconsider its position."

Lloyd George insists that Sinn Fein's delegation shall come as representatives of a government loyal to the crown and an integral part of the British Empire. The Valera insists that they shall go as representatives of an independent and sovereign state—to discuss the question of allegiance.

Warned It Was Unacceptable.

De Valera's reply, published today, was identical with the message carried by the two Sinn Fein couriers. Its text was given out by De Valera in spite of the fact that he had been warned by Lloyd George that it was hopelessly unacceptable.

Lloyd George in his telegram revealed that he had informed the couriers that reiteration of the reservation that the Irish leaders negotiate as 'representatives of an independent and sovereign state' would make the conference impossible.

What He Told Couriers.

"I pointed out to the couriers," he says, "that your letter specifically reaffirms that claim, stating that your nation has formally declared its independence and recognized itself as a sovereign state and that it is only as representatives of that state that its delegates have any power or authority to act in behalf of the Irish people. I asked them to warn you of the serious effect of this intimation."

Lloyd George added that he was willing to regard the letter as still undelivered in order to afford De Valera an opportunity to reconsider his position. "In spite of this intimation," he continues, "you have published the letter in its original form."

De Valera's Reply.

The text of De Valera's note follows:

"We are unhesitating in declaring our willingness to enter a conference to ascertain how the association of nations commonly known as the British empire can best be reconciled with Irish national aspirations."

"Our readiness to contemplate such an association was indicated in our letter of August 10. We have accordingly summoned the Dail Eireann that we may submit to it for ratification the names of the representatives it is our intention to propose. We hope the representatives will find it possible to be at Inverness on the date you suggest, September 20."

"In this final note we deem it

CHIEFS DESIRE SOLID DROUTH IN DEMOCRACY

Movement Starts for Dry Leadership in Whole Party.

DEMAND WHITE CALL MEETING

Spokesmen Insist on Reorganization of Committee.

By ROBERT J. BENDER.

A movement has begun within the Democratic national organization to make it "bone-dry."

The purpose of this movement, sponsored largely by that group which advocated the nomination of McAdoo at San Francisco, is to effect an absolutely dry leadership of the national committee, to support dry candidates at the Congressional elections and seek a "bone-dry" Presidential nominee.

Demand Meeting Soon.

Within the last three weeks spokesmen of this group have bluntly informed Chairman George White, of the national committee, that he must call a meeting of the committee at once for a reorganization and formulation of a militant policy.

The reason given is that Democratic leaders are not kindly disposed to the "pacifist" attitude of the national organization at a time when, they feel, Democratic campaign thunder is lying around in measurable quantities. They declare that if it hadn't been for their agitation, began several weeks ago, the Democratic organization would have let the New Mexican senatorial election next week go by default. They say the invoked activity there may bring a Democratic victory.

Progress and Drought.

Back of this agitation is the aim to make the party fundamentally progressive.

A disclaimer is made that this purpose necessarily enters into the renewed movement against White's leadership. Nevertheless, it is no secret that the lukewarm attitude shown toward Gov. Cox's campaign last fall by such monied Democrats as Bernard Baruch and Thomas Chadbourne was due to their belief that the Cox campaign was being run by men not essentially dry.

Ed. Moore in Background.

George White, while a dry himself, is advised in many important matters by E. N. Moore, who never has been an enthusiastic prohibitionist. The first thing in the mind of the Democratic dries, therefore, among whose leaders are Senators Glass, of Virginia, and Jones, of New Mexico—is to effect a reorganization of the national committee.

Whether former President Wilson is involved has not been disclosed. Glass in recent weeks has had two long conferences with Wilson.

May Meet in October.

There will be a meeting of the national committee about the middle of October. Chairman White, while confident he can be re-elected, is not decided on whether he cares to continue as chairman. He does not wish to get out until some strong candidate to succeed him has been more or less agreed upon.

For that reason he may decide to postpone further the committee's gathering. If he does, there is reason to believe the movement now going on under the surface of the party will come out into the open. The work of agitating it is believed if there is to be a fight it ought to be now so that there may be plenty of time for wounds to heal before campaign time. Meantime soundings are being made as to the availability of Scott Ferris, former Representative in Congress from Oklahoma, for the chairmanship should White resign.

D. C. BOYS ESCAPE AS SHIP BLOWS UP IN STORMY WATER

Lads Shipwrecked in Bay When Motor Boat Explodes.

WORKMEN APPEAL DIRECT TO HARDING

38,000 Bethlehem Employees Request Payment of \$1,500,000 Under Award.

Britain Bidding Against U.S. For South American Base

British Diplomats Enter Competition With American and Japanese Envoys for Naval Station off West Coast of Latin Country.

JOBLESS PROBLEM ALARMS LONDON

LABOR MAYORS TO DEMAND HEARING FROM LLOYD GEORGE.

(Special Cable to The Washington Herald and Chicago Tribune.)

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 15.—Great Britain has entered into competition with the United States and Japan for a naval base on the west coast of South America, bidding against the United States for a base in Peru, and Japan is bidding against the United States for islands off the Chilean coast.

The United States recently has been conducting negotiations with the Legation government for the purchase of Chimote, a resort on the northern coast of Peru. It now develops that the Peruvian indecision is due largely to the British efforts to get control of Chimote through an effort to the Viceroy interests to construct a shipbuilding plant there with twelve slips.

Harbor Well Protected.

Chimote has the best harbor south of Panama, it being protected by a long island paralleling the coast. The size of the harbor is indicated by the fact that it takes a ship, traveling at full speed, a half an hour to reach the mainland from the island.

Also, it is apparent that the Peruvian and Chilean differences over Tacna-Arica will play a large part in the question of American and British influence in the South Pacific, since both Peru and Chile are disposed to sell bases to the nation offering the biggest diplomatic return, rather than for the highest price.

British and American diplomats in Chile and Peru are leaving nothing undone to implant their respective influences in both republics.

A British mission is training the Chilean navy, while an American mission is training the Peruvian navy. The British were trying to place a British naval mission in Peru when President Leguia decided to invite the Americans.

Give and Take Game.

Following the recent quarrel between the Peruvian government and the French military mission, which has been training the Peruvian army for twenty years, the British have made several efforts to have the French replaced by British. If they succeed they would then be in the unique position of training the Chilean navy and the Peruvian army for a probable conflict against each other.

So far the United States has been rather at a disadvantage in the diplomatic contest through efforts to remain neutral in the Chilean-Peruvian conflict, whereas the Europeans are showing more willingness to play the old diplomatic game of give and take.

(Copyright, 1921.)

THE OVER SALARIED FOOL



LABOR MAYORS TO DEMAND HEARING FROM LLOYD GEORGE.

LABOR MAYORS TO DEMAND HEARING FROM LLOYD GEORGE.

(Special Cable to The Washington Herald and Chicago Tribune.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.—An important conference of the local authorities was held at the Ministry of Health today, under the chairmanship of Sir Alfred Mond, to discuss schemes for the relief of the unemployed.

It is stated that the cabinet turned down a proposal made by Mr. Macnamara, the minister of labor, that the national treasury make large appropriations for relief. The plan now favored is that relief work be run by the local authorities and that the treasury guarantee the interest on loans.

The London labor mayors are still determined to see Prime Minister Lloyd George in his Highland retreat. They will leave London on Sunday, traveling third class, which means sitting up all night on the fifteen-hour journey and paying their own fare. They have arranged for automobiles to take them eighty miles from Inverness to Gairloch, and they declare that they will not come home without having seen the prime minister, who, they say, does not understand the dangerous situation which is likely to arise if quick action is not taken.

Mayor Girling, of Shoreditch, who is acting as secretary of the delegation, said that the only alternative was for the prime minister to promise to see them in London within a week.

(Copyright, 1921.)

WILL ASK PROBE OF KU KLUX KLAN

The Department of Justice, Post-office Department and Congress may undertake investigations of Ku Klux Klan activities.

Department of Justice officials have been studying data on the Klan compiled during the last ten days, and postoffice officials are studying the movement to determine whether they should make a probe. Representative Tague, of Massachusetts, announced yesterday that he has drafted a resolution proposing a Congressional investigation and will introduce it in Congress next week.

"A WOMAN ASKED ME FOR MY HAND," E. Rex Swann, pastor, Sun. night.—Adv.

PREMIER CALLS OFF IRISH PEACE PARLEY SUDDENLY AFTER DE VALERA'S REPLY

Lloyd George Wires That Arrangements Are Cancelled.

WON'T RECOGNIZE IRISH SOVEREIGNTY

Note Rejects This as Basis for Negotiation.

FOODS GOING UP, MEN TELL DAVIS, PROTESTING CUT

Navy Yard Workers Continue Fight on Reduction.

(Special Cable to The Washington Herald and Chicago Tribune.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Lloyd George has cancelled the proposed Irish peace conference at Inverness.

The premier, after publication of Eamon de Valera's "acceptance" of the invitation, telegraphed the Irish president that he found it necessary to call off arrangements.

De Valera's insistence on recognition of Ireland's independence as a prerequisite for the conference caused the rupture. The premier stated that the conference must discuss this phase as well as all others.

Situation Very Serious.

The premier's action creates the most critical situation since July, when negotiations began.

His dispatch to De Valera came after couriers from Dublin had visited him at Gairloch and discussed with him the principle upon which the negotiations now appear to have foundered.

Will Consult Cabinet.

In his message to De Valera, the premier says "it would be necessary to consult his colleagues, to determine what action is necessary by the new situation." "In the meantime," he continues, "I must make it absolutely clear that the government cannot reconsider its position."

Lloyd George insists that Sinn Fein's delegation shall come as representatives of a government loyal to the crown and an integral part of the British Empire. The Valera insists that they shall go as representatives of an independent and sovereign state—to discuss the question of allegiance.

Warned It Was Unacceptable.

De Valera's reply, published today, was identical with the message carried by the two Sinn Fein couriers. Its text was given out by De Valera in spite of the fact that he had been warned by Lloyd George that it was hopelessly unacceptable.

Lloyd George in his telegram revealed that he had informed the couriers that reiteration of the reservation that the Irish leaders negotiate as 'representatives of an independent and sovereign state' would make the conference impossible.

What He Told Couriers.

"I pointed out to the couriers," he says, "that your letter specifically reaffirms that claim, stating that your nation has formally declared its independence and recognized itself as a sovereign state and that it is only as representatives of that state that its delegates have any power or authority to act in behalf of the Irish people. I asked them to warn you of the serious effect of this intimation."

Lloyd George added that he was willing to regard the letter as still undelivered in order to afford De Valera an opportunity to reconsider his position. "In spite of this intimation," he continues, "you have published the letter in its original form."

De Valera's Reply.

The text of De Valera's note follows:

"We are unhesitating in declaring our willingness to enter a conference to ascertain how the association of nations commonly known as the British empire can best be reconciled with Irish national aspirations."

"Our readiness to contemplate such an association was indicated in our letter of August 10. We have accordingly summoned the Dail Eireann that we may submit to it for ratification the names of the representatives it is our intention to propose. We hope the representatives will find it possible to be at Inverness on the date you suggest, September 20."

"In this final note we deem it

PREMIER CALLS OFF IRISH PEACE PARLEY SUDDENLY AFTER DE VALERA'S REPLY

Lloyd George Wires That Arrangements Are Cancelled.

WON'T RECOGNIZE IRISH SOVEREIGNTY

Note Rejects This as Basis for Negotiation.

FOODS GOING UP, MEN TELL DAVIS, PROTESTING CUT

Navy Yard Workers Continue Fight on Reduction.

(Special Cable to The Washington Herald and Chicago Tribune.)

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Lloyd George has cancelled the proposed Irish peace conference at Inverness.

The premier, after publication of Eamon de Valera's "acceptance" of the invitation, telegraphed the Irish president that he found it necessary to call off arrangements.

De Valera's insistence on recognition of Ireland's independence as a prerequisite for the conference caused the rupture. The premier stated that the conference must discuss this phase as well as all others.

Situation Very Serious.

The premier's action creates the most critical situation since July, when negotiations began.

His dispatch to De Valera came after couriers from Dublin had visited him at Gairloch and discussed with him the principle upon which the negotiations now appear to have foundered.

Will Consult Cabinet.

In his message to De Valera, the premier says "it would be necessary to consult his colleagues, to determine what action is necessary by the new situation." "In the meantime," he continues, "I must make it absolutely clear that the government cannot reconsider its position."

Lloyd George insists that Sinn Fein's delegation shall come as representatives of a government loyal to the crown and an integral part of the British Empire. The Valera insists that they shall go as representatives of an independent and sovereign state—to discuss the question of allegiance.

Warned It Was Unacceptable.

De Valera's reply, published today, was identical with the message carried by the two Sinn Fein couriers. Its text was given out by De Valera in spite of the fact that he had been warned by Lloyd George that it was hopelessly unacceptable.

Lloyd George in his telegram revealed that he had informed the couriers that reiteration of the reservation that the Irish leaders negotiate as 'representatives of an independent and sovereign state' would make the conference impossible.

What He Told Couriers.

"I pointed out to the couriers," he says, "that your letter specifically reaffirms that claim, stating that your nation has formally declared its independence and recognized itself as a sovereign state and that it is only as representatives of that state that its delegates have any power or authority to act in behalf of the Irish people. I asked them to warn you of the serious effect of this intimation."

Lloyd George added that he was willing to regard the letter as still undelivered in order to afford De Valera an opportunity to reconsider his position. "In spite of this intimation," he continues, "you have published the letter in its original form."

De Valera's Reply.

The text of De Valera's note follows:

"We are unhesitating in declaring our willingness to enter a conference to ascertain how the association of nations commonly known as the British empire can best be reconciled with Irish national aspirations."

"Our readiness to contemplate such an association was indicated in our letter of August 10. We have accordingly summoned the Dail Eireann that we may submit to it for ratification the names of the representatives it is our intention to propose. We hope the representatives will find it possible to be at Inverness on the date you suggest, September 20."

"In this final note we deem it

JAILORS FRUSTRATE BREAK JUST IN TIME

MARTINEBURG, Va., Sept. 15.—The vigilance of Jailor Charles Jack and his deputies late last night prevented a general jail delivery here. Richard Sigwert, of Fairmont, and Elmer and Carson Jenkins, of Baltimore, had sawed through a sheet of 3-inch steel, using a steel stove turn from an army legging, before they were discovered.

Sigwert is a Federal prisoner held for the United States grand jury here next week on an anti-narcotic law charge. The Jenkins youths already have served terms in Virginia for robbery and after being tried here for entering a store are wanted at Hagerstown, Md.

Lloyd George Has Chill.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Premier Lloyd George, it was learned tonight, is suffering from a chill. His condition, it is believed, is not such as to cause anxiety.